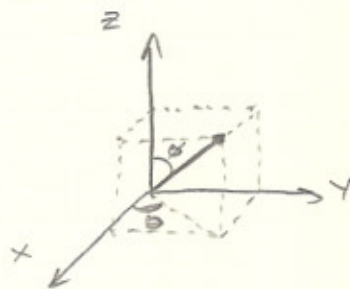


Ex: find the volume of the solid E that has the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, below the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ and above the plane $z = -2$

SOL:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Vol } E &= \iiint 1 \, dV = \iint \left(\int_{-2}^{-\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} 1 \, dz \right) dx dy \\
 &= \iint (-\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2} + 2) \, dx dy \\
 &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 (-\sqrt{1-r^2} + 2) \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{3}(1-r^2)^{3/2} + 2 \frac{r^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^1 d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{2\pi} (1 - \frac{1}{3}) \, d\theta = \frac{2}{3} 2\pi = \frac{4}{3}\pi
 \end{aligned}$$

§16.8 TRIPLE INTEGRALS USING SPHERICAL COORDINATES.



$$x = (\rho \sin \phi) \cos \theta$$

$$y = (\rho \sin \phi) \sin \theta$$

$$z = \rho \cos \phi$$

if the solid $E = (\rho, \phi, \theta)$ then

$$\iiint_E F(x, y, z) \, dV$$

$$\int_b^a \int_d^c \int_f^e f(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta, \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta, \rho \cos \phi) \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

Ex:

$$\iiint e^{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{3/2}} \, dV$$

$$\iiint e^{(\rho^2)^{3/2}} \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$\text{let } u = \rho^2$$

$$du = 2\rho \, d\rho$$

$$\iiint_0^1 e^u \frac{1}{2} \sin \phi \, du \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$\iint \left(\right.$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \left(-\frac{e}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) d\theta$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{2e}{2} - \frac{2}{2} \right) d\theta = \frac{2e-2}{2} \cdot 2\pi$$